Study Guide for Nov. 13 Exam in Bioinformatics I

- 1. Write a brief essay on computer methods for analyzing a genomic DNA sequence. What specific tools would you recommend? Include brief definitions of the important features that can be found by the methods you discuss.
- 2. What are the differences among blastn, blastp and psi-blast? Under what conditions can one expect psi-blast to do a better job than blastp? Briefly explain how psi-blast works.
- 3. Describe how "log odds" approaches can be used to determine amino-acid substitution scores that are appropriate for, say, blastp. Sketch the approaches taken for the PAM and BLOSUM matrices.
- 4. What is the "dynamic programming method" for aligning two sequences? Be able to apply it by hand to two short sequences.
- 5. What are "weight matrices" for identifying, say, transcription factor binding sites, and how can they be determined from experimental data?
- 6. What is a "hidden Markov model"? What is meant by "the probable state-path for generating a given observable sequence"?
- 7. Write an essay on the inner workings of GenScan.
- 8. Be able to read and interpret dotplots, PIPs and MultiPIPs.
- 9. Contrast the approaches used for building phylogenetic trees using any TWO of the following: Parsimony, Weighted parsimony, Neighbor joining, and Maximum likelihood. What are the limitations of using any of these programs for reconstructing evolutionary history?
- 10. Contrast the meaning of the terms "ortholog" and "paralog." Be able to identify putative orthologs and paralogs on a gene tree.
- 11. The eukaryotyic cell is sometimes called a "chimera" of genes from different sources. How do the histories of mitochondrial, chloroplast, and nuclear genes illustrate this point?
- 12. Given a phylogenetic tree and a dataset of sequences, apply ACCTRAN analysis to use parsimony to infer the evolutionary history of one or more of the bases.
- 13. What is the basis of hyp. testing using likelihood analysis? How might you construct a likelihood test of the hypothesis that some members of a gene family are evolving at a different rate than other lineages?